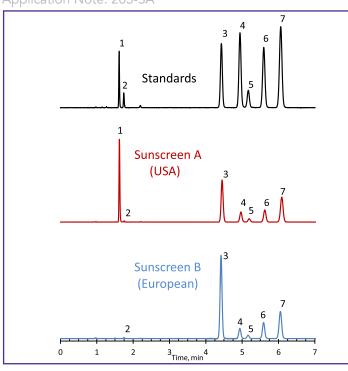
## HALO

### **PHARMACEUTICALS**

# Analysis of Sunscreens using HALO® RP-Amide, 2.7 µm

Application Note: 203-SA



### **TEST CONDITIONS:**

Column: HALO 90 Å RP Amide, 2.7 µm

4.6 x 150 mm

Part Number: 92814-707

Mobile Phase: A/B

A= Water

B= Acetonitrile

**Gradient:** 

Time % B 0.0 75 7.0 75 10 100 20 100

Flow Rate: 1.5 mL/min.

LC System: Shimadzu Prominence UFLC XR

**ECV**: ~14 μL

### **PEAK IDENTITIES:**

- 1. Oxybenzone
- 2. Avobenzone isomer 1
- 3. Octocrylene
- 4. Avobenzone isomer 2
- 5. Homosalate isomer 1
- 6. Octisalate
- 7. Homosalate isomer 2

Sunscreens are designed to reduce the risk of burning from exposure to the sun's UV rays. Overexposure to the sun increases the chances of skin cancer so it is important to use sunscreens during outdoor activities. The active contents of sunscreens can be analyzed using HPLC as shown in this application note. Approximately 200 mg of sunscreen lotions were treated with 10 mL of ethanol or 1-propanol to dissolve the active ingredients and suspend insolubles. Aliquots of the slurries were centrifuged and the supernates were filtered through Nylon 0.45  $\mu m$  porosity syringe filters prior to analysis.

### **STRUCTURES:**

